

10.—Universities and Colleges of Canada: Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted, 1930-31.

University or College.	Diplomas and Certificates.		Bachelor. ³		Master and Licence. ⁴		Doctor. ⁵		Totals.		
	Men.	Wom-en.	Men.	Wom-en.	Men.	Wom-en.	Men.	Wom-en.	Men.	Wom-en.	Total.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Dalhousie—King's ¹	12	6	128	42	7	5	1	-	148	53	201
Acadia.....	20	22	56	40	5	1	7	-	88	63	151
St. Francis Xavier.....	8	5	21	7	7	2	-	-	36	14	50
New Brunswick.....	-	-	43	11	-	5	-	-	43	16	59
Mount Allison.....	9	3	41	21	-	-	5	-	55	24	79
St. Joseph's.....	20	-	18	-	5	-	8	-	46	-	46
McGill.....	6	67	349	89	49	18	18	-	417	174	591
Bishop's.....	4	10	20	11	8	2	4	-	36	23	59
Laval (1930).....	71	181	345	1	37	-	1	-	454	182	636
Montreal.....	55	15	424	35	90	1	-	-	569	51	620
Toronto.....	15	111	892	349	88	27	23	6	1,018	493	1,511
Victoria ²	24	-	16	-	1	-	4	-	44	-	44
Trinity ²	-	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	6	-	6
Western.....	-	14	114	62	11	5	4	-	129	81	210
Queen's.....	-	-	231	99	14	8	15	-	260	107	367
Ottawa.....	-	-	71	5	32	1	4	-	107	6	113
McMaster.....	-	2	46	16	6	1	-	-	52	19	71
Manitoba.....	35	9	232	140	16	8	4	1	287	158	445
Saskatchewan.....	53	30	100	71	16	3	3	-	172	104	276
Alberta.....	17	27	171	56	17	2	1	-	206	85	291
British Columbia.....	32	40	164	148	21	6	-	-	217	194	411
Other Institutions.....	144	231	131	21	17	-	15	-	307	252	559
Totals.....	525	773	3,614	1,224	447	95	111	7	4,697	2,039	6,736

¹ All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.

² All degrees except those in theology entered opposite Toronto.

³ Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.

⁴ The licence in the French-speaking universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the master degree is in the English-speaking.

⁵ Seventy-six of the doctor degrees were honorary.

Students not of University Grade.—The 41,168 students of post-matriculation standard represent little more than half of the total enrolment in universities and colleges. Many of the arts colleges, especially the classical colleges of Quebec offer preparatory courses in which instruction is given in the high school grades, or even elementary grades. These accounted for 19,845 students, practically all of whom were in regular attendance at the full session.

The remaining 16,615 of the enrolment, 7,873 men and 8,742 women, were not following high school courses, but could not be classed as university-grade students as they had not necessarily matriculated. A minority of them attended the full session, generally studying music, household science or agriculture. The remainder were the students of summer courses in teaching methods, series of evening extension lectures, correspondence and other extra-mural courses, agricultural and other short courses.

Apart from the reported enrolment many thousands of people were reached by extension lectures that were not grouped in series and reported as courses, and still larger numbers reached by university radio broadcasts, travelling libraries, agricultural assistance and various other forms of extension service. These activities were reviewed in the "Annual Survey of Education in Canada, 1929".

Teaching Staff.—At pp. 858 to 861 of the 1932 Year Book there was published an analysis of the teaching staffs of universities and colleges as in 1929-30, by sex and by full time or part time. A corresponding table for 1930-31 will be found at p. 113 of the "Annual Survey of Education in Canada, 1931"